INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

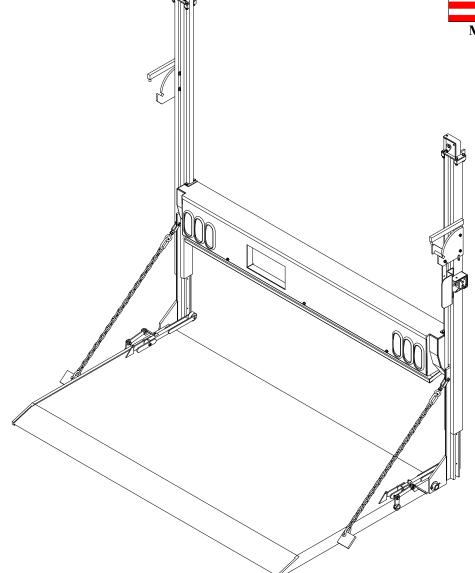
Railgate Series 1600 & 2000



Woodbine, Iowa



Made in America



ESTIMATED INSTALLATION TIME: 8 HOURS



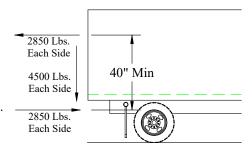
Before installing this Lift Gate, please observe the Vehicle Loading Limitations.

These loading limitations are outlined in the Vehicle Owner's Manual and the Safety Compliance Certification Label located on the drivers door pillar.

CAUTION

Railgate Series Mounting Instructions

- Step 1. The truck or trailer onto which the railgate is to be mounted must be built with certain structural components to ensure that it is capable of supporting both the railgate weight and the maximum load to be lifted by the railgate.
- NOTE: A maximum length of 10 inches of unsupported upright is acceptable. Refer to Step 15 for specific instructions on support bracket recommendations.



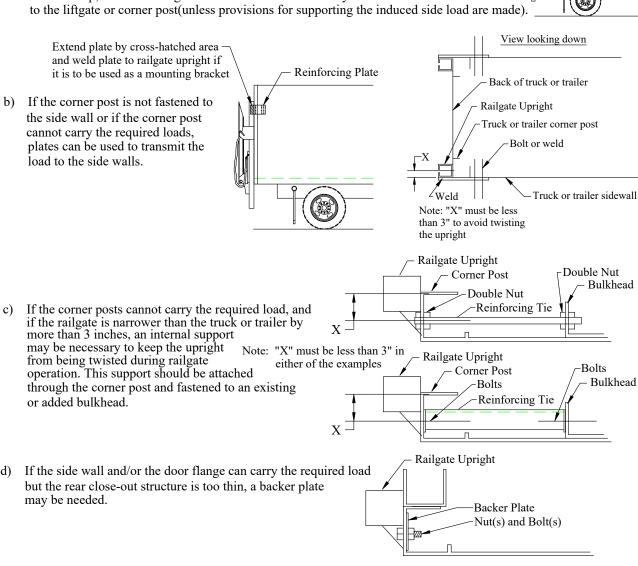
Add to the truck or trailer frame

to support railgate as required.

Reinforcing

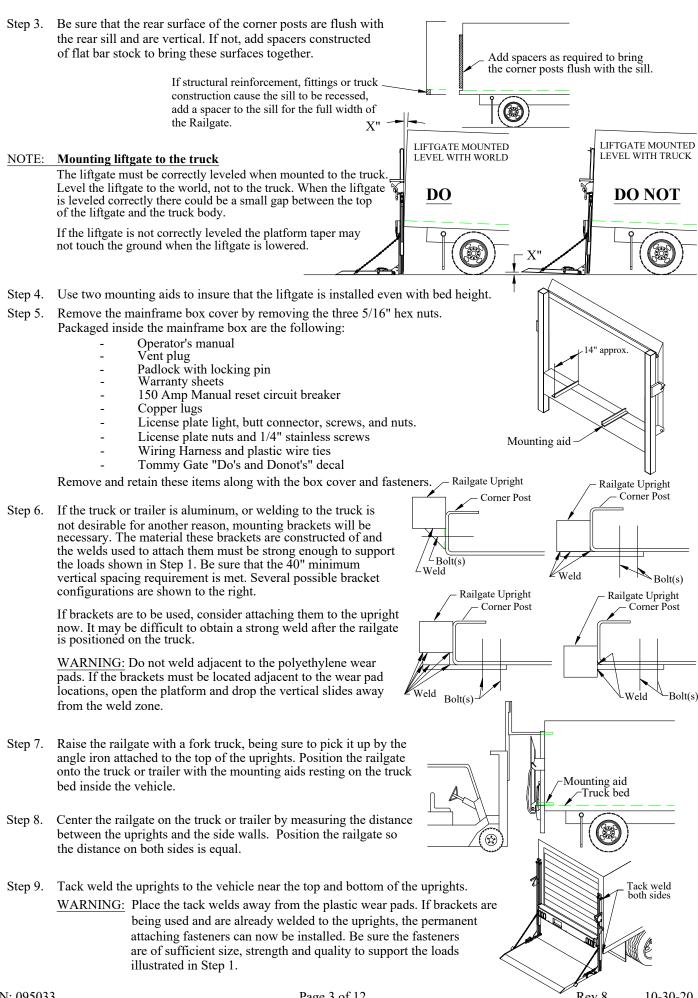
Member

- Step 2. If the truck or trailer is capable of supporting the load illustrated in Step 1. you may proceed to Step 3. However, if the truck or trailer is not capable of supporting the loads, you need to provide adequate reinforcement to the vehicle. The following examples are methods of providing reinforcement to the truck. If one of these methods, or another method of the installer's choice are used, the structural reinforcement should be thoroughly analyzed and/or tested before the truck or trailer, with the railgate attached, are put into service.
 - a) If the side wall cannot carry the required loads, or does not exist, use this method to support the liftgate. Be sure to use a channel, tube or angle to construct the reinforcing member if it is not in-plane with the upright. The reinforcing member should be constructed in a manner in which the uprights will not be twisted during railgate operation. When viewed from the top, the reinforcing member should extend directly forward of where it attaches to the liftgate or corner post(upless provisions for supporting the induced side load are made)

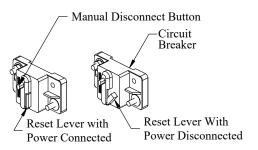


If the floor of the truck cannot support the required load, the frame may

have to be extended to the truck's rear sill.

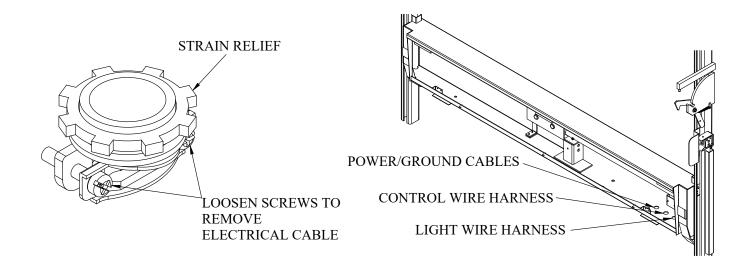


Step 10. Install the circuit breaker on the firewall or fender of the truck or other place in the compartment out of the way of moving parts. Make sure there is easy access for installation of the power cables and so the circuit breaker can be reset.



Step 11. Locate the strain relief on the bottom of the liftgate mainframe. Loosen the two screws on the strain relief. Disconnect the positive lead from the terminal on the raise solenoid and the negative cable from the pump and motor common ground. Pull the shipping electrical cable out of the strain relief. Discard the cable.

The liftgate electrical cables are coiled in a separate box that is shipped with the liftgate. Carefully pull the cable ends with the copper lugs installed through the bottom of the strain relief and connect the positive cable to the terminal on the raise solenoid. **Do not overtighten the raise solenoid nuts. Tighten to 35in-lb max.** Connect the negative lead to the common ground on the pump and motor unit. Tighten bolt to 18ft-lb max. Leave approximately two inches of slack inside the liftgate mainframe. Tighten the two screws on the strain relief.



Step 12. Carefully route the cables according to the Tommy Gate Electrical Guidelines along the frame to the battery. Pull the excess cables beyond the battery and separate the positive (+) and negative (-) leads. Cut the positive (+) lead to the length required to reach the auxiliary (AUX) terminal of the circuit breaker. The remaining positive (+) lead needs to be cut at the length required to span the distance from the circuit breaker battery (BAT) terminal to the positive battery terminal.

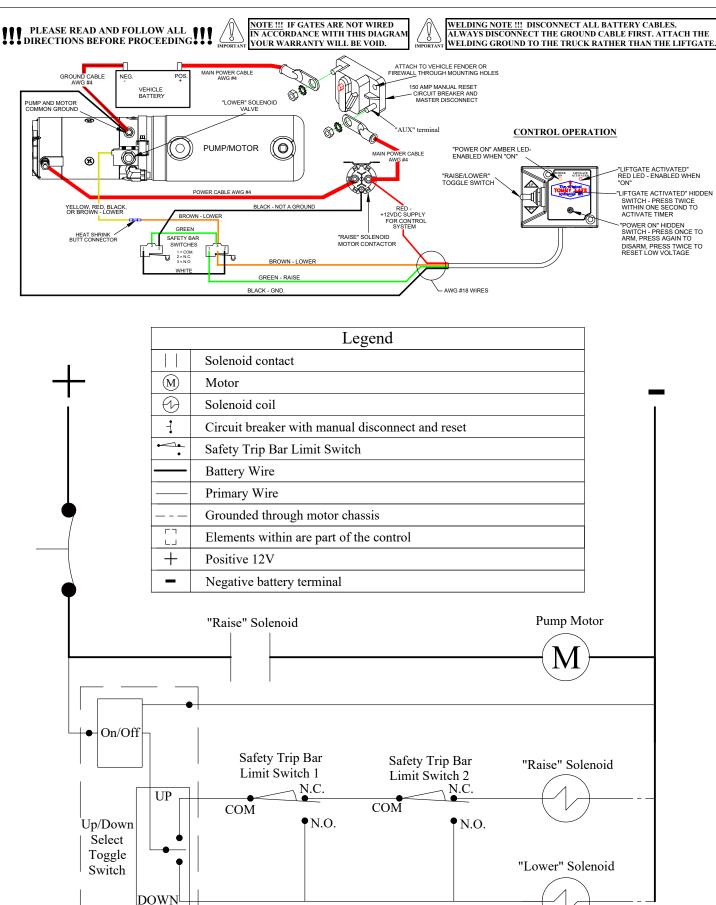
Cut the negative (-) lead to the length required to reach the negative battery terminal. Install the copper lugs on all required ends and attach them to the circuit breaker and battery as outlined in the Tommy Gate Electrical Guidelines and wiring diagram.

To activate the control, push the hidden "POWER ON" switch(located half way between the Tommy Gate logo and the up decal) once and the amber "POWER ON" LED will illuminate. Now press the hidden button on the control(located under the Tommy Gate logo) twice within one second and the red "LIFTGATE ACTIVATED" LED will illuminate. Once both lights are illuminated you will have power to raise and lower the liftgate.

NOTE: The safety control will automatically shut off if not used for 5 minutes.

<u>IMPORTANT:</u> The pump and motor unit for this lift can require up to significant electrical power at 12VDC. Be sure you connect the negative(-) cable to the negative(-) terminal of the vehicle battery.

Power Unit Wiring and Circuit Diagrams





Tommy Gate Recommended Electrical Wiring Guidelines



WIRE ROUTING

- (1) When routing wires, avoid heat (above 180°F), abrasion, vibration, metal edges, screws, and trim fasteners. If such routings are not possible, protective devices must be used. If wires must cross a metal edge, the edge should be covered with a protective shield and the wiring fastened within 3 inches on each side of the edge.
- (2) Grommets must be used where wires pass through holes in sheet metal, castings, and / or frame rails. Do not bend wires in a radius smaller than 10 times the wire diameter.
- (3) Routing wires into areas exposed to wheel wash should be avoided. If this cannot be avoided protective shields are required to protect the wires from stones, ice, salt and water damage. Provide a drip loop to prevent moisture from being conducted into switches, relays, circuit breakers, and fuses.
- (4) Wires should be supported every 18 inches with plastic zip ties or rubber-lined clips.
- (5) Wires must be routed to clear moving parts by at least 3 inches unless positively fastened or protected by a conduit. If wiring must be routed between two members where relative motion can occur, the wiring should be secured to each member, with enough wire slack to allow flexing without damage to the wire.
- (6) Maintain at least a 6 inch clearance from exhaust system components. If this is not possible, high temperature insulation and heat shields are required. Existing OEM heat shields, insulation, and wire shielding must be maintained.
- (7) Do not route or attach electrical wires to fuel lines. Route electrical wires at least 1-1/2 inches away from the engine.

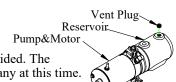
BATTERY, WIRE, TERMINALS, AND CONNECTORS

- (1) Wire attachments at the battery must be protected from tension loads so there is no undue strain on the battery terminals. Wires should be routed down rather than horizontally from the terminals with no sharp bends adjacent to the connections.
- (2) Battery power for your Tommy Gate should come directly from the battery through the supplied circuit breaker or fuse. The circuit breaker or fuse should be installed as close to the battery as possible.
- (3) Do not splice battery cables. If splicing is necessary, the most durable splice joint will be bare metal barrel crimped, flow-soldered and covered with adhesive lined heat shrink tubing. Strip the wire ends making sure that individual conductor strands are not damaged. Use only rosin core solder, proper crimping tools, and wire with a gauge at least equivalent to the circuit being lengthened. Do not use electrical tape.
- (4) Battery cable terminals will be bare metal barrel crimped or flow-soldered and covered with adhesive lined heat shrink tubing.
- (5) Use wire connectors with locking features such as positive locking, inertia locking, bolt together, and soft mold-over with locking external retainers.

GENERAL

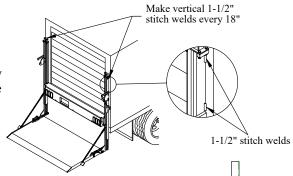
- (1) All frame contact areas must be wire brushed to bare metal, free of paint, dirt, and grease. Frame connections must be made using hardened flat washers under the bolt head and lock nuts. Corrosion preventive grease or compound is to be applied to the terminal area of the frame connection.
- (2) Frame cross members are not recommended as part of the ground return.
- (3) All circuit breakers and fuses should be located in one easily serviceable location with a means provided for identification of circuit function and current rating. Do not put circuit breakers or fuses in the vehicle cab.
- (4) Before welding to the chassis disconnect the battery. Also disconnect the power train, engine, valve, and transmission control modules.
- (5) Do not alter vehicle ignition, starting, and / or charging systems. Do not reroute engine compartment wiring.
- (6) Full copper circuitry and standardized polarity grounds are recommended.
- (7) Never increase the rating of a factory installed fuse or circuit breaker.
- (8) Disconnect the battery negative (ground) wire prior to any vehicle modification.

Following the above guidelines will provide you with years of trouble free service. Failing to incorporate the above guidelines will result in a voided warranty. Non-compliance with the guidelines above may result in a failure of electrical components, shutdown of engines, loss of backup brake systems, and the possibility of fire.



- Step 13. Remove the solid plastic plug from the reservoir and replace it with the vent plug provided. The hydraulic system has already been filled with the proper amount of fluid. Do not add any at this time.
- Step 14. Finish attaching the uprights to the truck by placing heavy welds in a location to efficiently support the loads referred to in Step 1.

 NOTE: A certain amount of draw will occur when welding. To minimize this draw, use 1-1/2" stitch welds placed approximately every 18". Make sure the outrails do not twist and are square with the main frame assembly. Attach and use the remote pendant or the fixed control to lower the platform in order to keep the polyethylene wear pads away from the welded areas.



Step 15. Check the clearance between the ground and the bottom of the upright. Ground clearance under the upright is influenced by truck suspension, box or platform overhang, terrain to be traveled over and maximum load to be hauled. Try to maintain at least 15 inches of ground clearance as a rule with an unloaded truck. Failure to maintain adequate ground clearance could result in gate damage and/or the gate being torn from the truck. If the ground clearance under the uprights is insufficient, the bottom of the uprights can be cut off as illustrated. After the uprights are cut off, they must have all the sharp edges removed. If the sharp edges are not removed the polyethylene bearing pads will be damaged and wear out prematurely.

WARNING: On above bed models, 21 inches is the <u>MAXIMUM</u> ground clearance that can be achieved. On bed height models 28 inches is the <u>MAXIMUM</u> ground clearance that can be achieved.

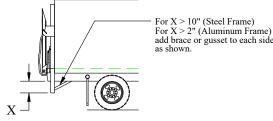
REMEMBER THIS IS ON LEVEL GROUND



Step 16. If more than 10 inches of the upright extends below the bottom support (**Steel Frame**), a gusset or brace must be used as illustrated.

If more than 2 inches of the upright extends below the bottom support (**Aluminum Frame**), a gusset or brace must be used as illustrated.

Step 17. Removed the forklift angle iron by removing the 3/8-16x2 ¼"bolts, replace with 3/8-16x1 ¾" bolts in maintenance manual kit.

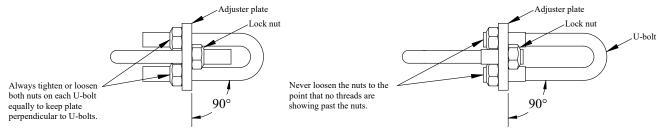


- Step 18. Adjust the platform chains on the gate to equalize the weight distribution between the two chains.
 - a) Park the vehicle on level ground.
 - b) Lower the platform until it is a few inches off the ground.
 - c) Grab the middle of each of the chains to check the tension. (DO NOT stand or put anything on the platform when performing this check.)
 - d) If the tension on both chains appears to be equal, no adjustment is required.
 - e) If one chain has less tension than the other chain perform one of the following:

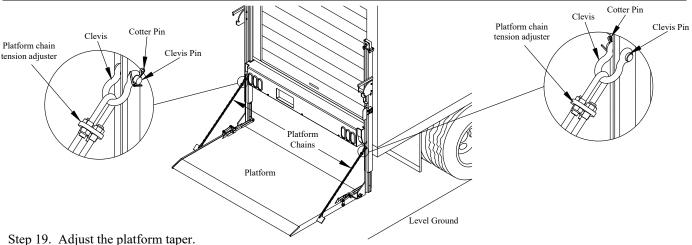
NOTE: NO PART OF THE CHAIN WILL NEED TO BE DISCONNECTED TO ADJUST THE CHAIN TENSION.

- 1. Tighten the U-bolt lock nuts at the chain adjuster on the loose chain or
- 2. Loosen the U-bolt lock nuts at the chain adjuster on the tight chain.
- f) Recheck the tension of the platform chains.
- g) If the tension on both chains appears to be equal, proceed to the next step.
- h) If further adjustment is needed, repeat the above process (STEP 18e 1-2).

!!WARNING!! VERIFY THAT THREADS OF THE U-BOLT ARE PROTRUDING THROUGH EACH NUT TO AVOID PULLING OF THREADS RESULTING IN FAILURE OF CHAIN TENSION ADJUSTER.



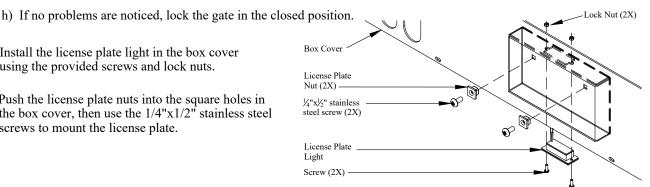
!!WARNING!! ALWAYS ADJUST THE PAIR OF LOCK NUTS ON EACH U-BOLT EQUALLY TO KEEP THE PLATE PERPENDICULAR TO THE U-BOLTS DISTRIBUTING EQUAL TENSION. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY RESULT IN PREMATURE FAILURE OF CHAIN ADJUSTER.

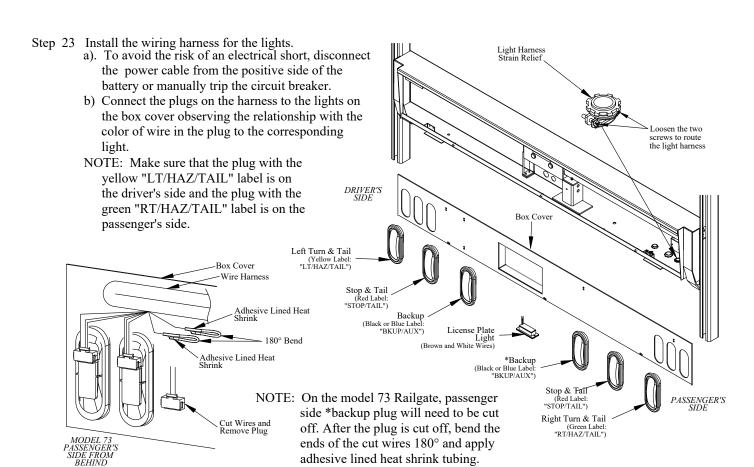


- a) To adjust the platform taper lower the platform to the ground and use the same process that was used to adjust the chain tension (STEP 18e 1-2).
- b) If you loosen the lock nuts, the taper will lower (Adjust each chain equally).
- c) If you tighten the lock nuts, the taper will rise (Adjust each chain equally).

!!WARNING!! ALWAYS KEEP EQUAL TENSION ON BOTH CHAINS TO AVOID OVERLOADING A SINGLE CHAIN AS THIS WILL CAUSE CHAIN FAILURE.

- Step 20. Read the operator's instructions in the owner's manual, then test the operation of the liftgate.
 - a) Check the operation of the timed control for proper lift operation. Be sure the control deactivates automatically after 5 minutes (or 90 seconds depending on control type) of not being used.
 - b) Load the platform with the rated capacity and measure the time necessary to raise the platform. The load should lift through 54 inches of travel in 23-29 seconds or 2-2.5 in/sec.
 - c) Move the platform to its highest position.
 - d) Examine the platform for any downward creep.
 - e) With the platform still loaded, time the lowering operation. The load should descend at approximately 10 in/sec.
 - f) If the liftgate does not operate smoothly, lubricate the inside of the uprights with nondetergent oil (see owner manual).
 - g) Remove the load from the platform and examine the railgate and truck for any problems.
- Step 21. Install the license plate light in the box cover using the provided screws and lock nuts.
- Step 22. Push the license plate nuts into the square holes in the box cover, then use the 1/4"x1/2" stainless steel screws to mount the license plate.





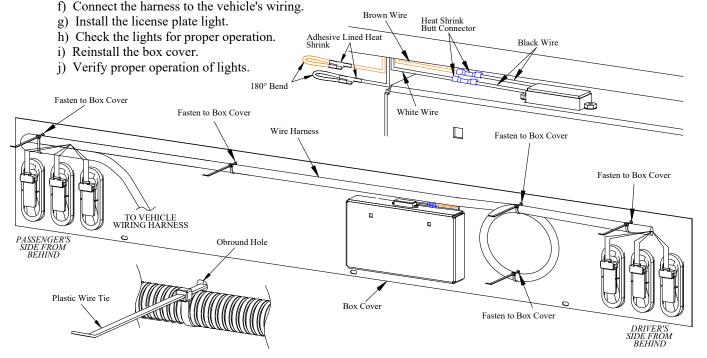
c) The brown and white wires that connect to the license plate light must be connected using heat shrink butt connectors.

!!!CAUTION: KEEP ALL WIRES CLEAR OF PINCH POINTS AND MOVING PARTS!!!

d) Using the obround holes punched in the box cover and plastic wire ties provided, attach the harness to the back of the box cover as shown. If needed, coil the harness in the position shown to keep the harness tight.

NOTE: If the harness is not routed in accordance with the pictures, the harness will be severed by moving parts.

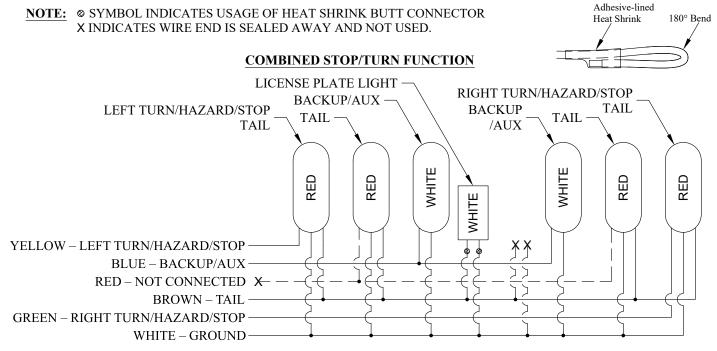
e) Pull the harness end to be attached to the vehicle down through the light harness strain relief in the bottom of the liftgate mainframe.



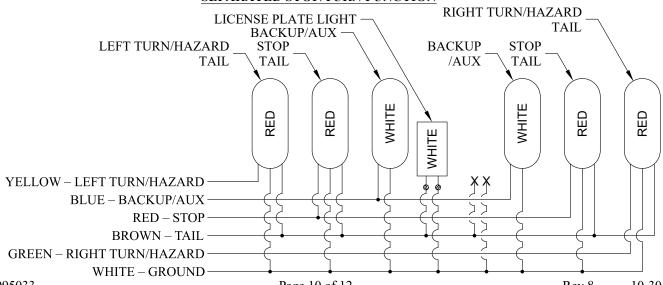
Light Circuit Diagrams (Models 79, 85, 89, & 95)

ELECTRICAL GUIDELINES:

- (1) THE INSTALLER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR USING PROPER TECHNIQUES WHEN INTERFACING WITH VEHICLE ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS.
- (2) FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE OEM GUIDELINES COULD RESULT IN UNSAFE VEHICLE OPERATION, FAILURE OF OEM WIRING, OR VEHICLE FIRE.
- (3) NEVER REPLACE OEM FUSES AND/OR CIRCUIT BREAKERS WITH FUSES OR CIRCUIT BREAKERS WITH A HIGHER RATING.
- (4) THE TOTAL CIRCUIT CURRENT DRAW SHOULD NOT EXCEED 80% OF THE OEM CIRCUIT FUSE OR CIRCUIT BREAKER.
- (5) USE BODY BUILDER JUNCTION BLOCKS, CUSTOMER ACCESS CIRCUITS & CONNECTORS RATHER THAN EXTENDING OEM CIRCUITS.
- (6) INCORPORATE RELAYS INSTEAD OF SPLICING INTO THE OEM ELECTRICAL SYSTEM.
- (7) USE APPROPRIATE GAUGE WIRE FOR EXTENDING CIRCUITS. THE WIRE GAUGE SHOULD BE CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING THE MAXIMUM LOAD TO WHICH THE ADDED CIRCUIT WILL BE EXPOSED.
- (8) OEM ELECTRICAL WIRE COLOR CODING SHOULD BE MAINTAINED WHEN EXTENDING CIRCUITS.
- (9) WHEN ADDING CIRCUITS, ALWAYS INCORPORATE FUSE OR CIRCUIT BREAKER PROTECTION.



SEPARATED STOP/TURN FUNCTION

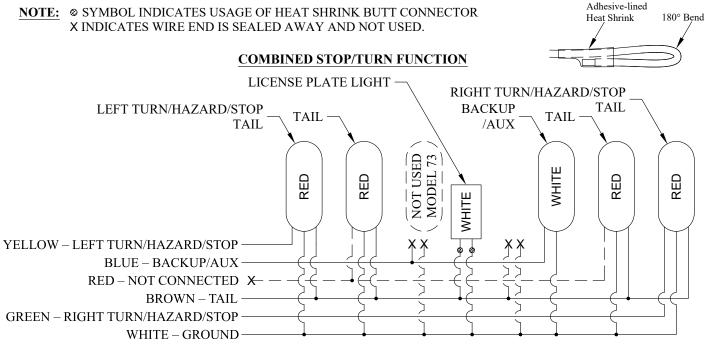


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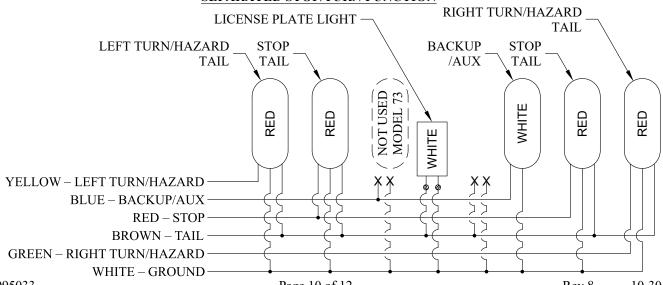
Light Circuit Diagrams (Model 73)

ELECTRICAL GUIDELINES:

- (1) THE INSTALLER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR USING PROPER TECHNIQUES WHEN INTERFACING WITH VEHICLE ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS.
- (2) FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE OEM GUIDELINES COULD RESULT IN UNSAFE VEHICLE OPERATION, FAILURE OF OEM WIRING, OR VEHICLE FIRE.
- (3) NEVER REPLACE OEM FUSES AND/OR CIRCUIT BREAKERS WITH FUSES OR CIRCUIT BREAKERS WITH A HIGHER RATING.
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- (8) OEM ELECTRICAL WIRE COLOR CODING SHOULD BE MAINTAINED WHEN EXTENDING CIRCUITS.
- (9) WHEN ADDING CIRCUITS, ALWAYS INCORPORATE FUSE OR CIRCUIT BREAKER PROTECTION.



SEPARATED STOP/TURN FUNCTION



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Step 24. Your Tommy Gate has been primed with a gray polyurethane and painted with a black semi-gloss polyurethane top coat to protect it from the environment. No additional paint is required unless shipping or installation damage or outdoor storage exposure has deteriorated the Tommy Gate paint. Tommy Gate will not be responsible for shipping or installation damage or outdoor storage exposure that has marred or otherwise deteriorated the Tommy Gate paint.

If you need to refinish the liftgate, you should do the following:

Remove any dirt, oil, grease, salt or other contamination by washing with a mild detergent solution. Rinse thoroughly with fresh water and allow to dry. Lightly scuff the Tommy Gate topcoat.

If prolonged exposure, shipping, or other installation damage has deteriorated the Tommy Gate paint, it will be necessary to sand and spot prime the area(s) prior to finish coating. Mask off all safety decals before painting. After proper cleaning and surface preparation, apply desired finish coat per paint manufacturer's recommendations.

- Step 25. Remove the masking from the safety decals. **Make sure all decals are clean and legible.** Additional decals are available from the factory, if needed.
- Step 26. Place Maintenance and Operator's manual in the Truck.
- Step 27. Always install the latch padlock, latch padlock pin, and deactivate the control when not in use.

