Ram Promaster City-2015-Present

Installing the Base Plate

- **1. Examine** the interior and exterior of the van for possible obstructions such as rear air conditioning, heater vents, electrical wiring, spare tire, etc (Figure 2).
- **2. Examine** the underside of the van for obstructions that could be damaged when drilling through the van floor: fuel tank, frame rail, spare tire, wiring, etc (Figure 2 and 3).
- **3. Verify** that the bed height of the van is not over 31-1/2".
- **4. Verify** that mounting bracket kit matches (Figure 1 and Table 1) and that this kit is for your van.

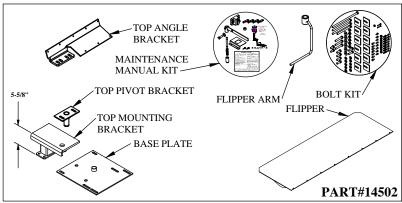
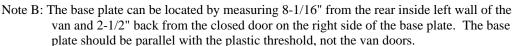


Figure 1: Part Identification.

Table 1: Parts List.

QTY.	PART NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	10188	650 Bolt Bag Kit-Transit Connect
1	14501	Top Angle Bracket (Promaster City)
1	2406	Top Pivot Bracket (Dodge & Chevy)
1	14500	Top Mounting Bracket(Promaster City)
1	1464	Flipper
1	1473	Flipper Arm (650-31)
1	1386	650 Base Plate
1	1062	Maintenance Manual Kit (650)

- **5. Position** the base plate in the van as described in either note A or B (Figure 3).
- Note A: The base plate can be located by measuring 8-1/16" from the rear inside left wall of the van and overlapping the plastic threshold by 3".



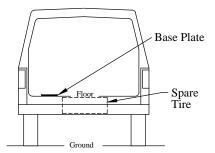


Figure 2: Base plate location and obstructions.

- **6. Position** the square washer plates under the base plate between the floor ribs, if needed. The area around the mounting holes must be properly supported by the metal floor.
- **7.** Check for obstructions before drilling in the next step.
- **8. Drill** holes through the floor for the base plate, using the base plate slots as a guide. Pay close attention to which slots in the base plate to use.
- 9. Bolt the base plate to the vehicle floor using the hardware provided (Figure 4). (See Note A)To avoid crushing the frame, do not over-tighten bolts.

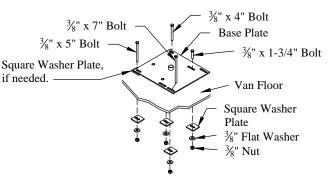


Figure 4: Base plate hardware.

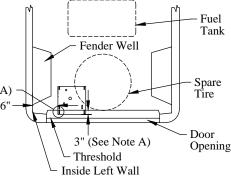


Figure 3: Base plate location and obstructions.

Installing the Top Mounting Brackets

- 1. Install the swing release latch assembly (Figure 5). This must be done before mounting the liftgate.
- 2. Remove any plastic trim which is in the way of the upper support parts.
- **3. Support** the lift to keep it from falling in the next steps.
- **4.** Attach the top mounting bracket with the 3/8" x 1" bolts and lock washers (Figure 6).
- 5. Attach the top pivot bracket to the top angle bracket with the supplied 3/8" bolts, flat washers, lock washers, and nuts (Figure 7). Apply blue LockTite® Thread Locker or equal to the bolts before tightening.

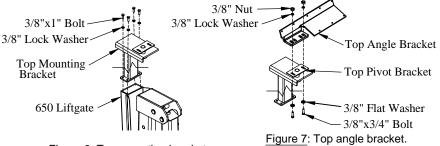


Figure 6: Top mounting bracket.

Swing Release Lever Assembly 3/8" Flat Washer 3/8" x 1" Bolt 3/8" Dia. Stud Latch Spring Pivot Lock Pin

Figure 5: Swing release latch.

Mounting the Liftgate in the Van

- 1. Support the liftgate securely to keep it from tipping while performing the next steps.
- **2. Position** the liftgate collar onto the base plate pin (Figure 8).
- 3. Position the liftgate in the rear opening such that the top angle bracket comes in contact with the rear door header (Figure 9).
- **4. Position** the liftgate so it is tipped 3 degrees back and 1 degree to the left (Figure 10).
- **5. Tighten** all hardware.
- **6. Hold** the top angle bracket against the rear door header.
- 7. Locate and Drill eight (8) 5/16" holes into the rear door header, using the top angle bracket as a guide. Choose eight (8) of the angle bracket holes without obstructions.
- **8.** Assemble the Plusnut with the 1/4" crown lock nut and 10-32 x 1-1/4" hex bolt (Figure 11)
- **9. Insert** the Plusnut into the 5/16" drilled hole (Figure 12).
- **10. Tighten** the hex bolt while holding the 1/4" nut (Figure 13). Fully upset Plusnut provides mounting nut to attach the top angle bracket (Figure 14).
- 11. Attach the top angle bracket to the header using the supplied 10-32 x 3/4" hex bolts. Apply blue LockTite[®] Thread Locker or equal to the bolts before tightening.

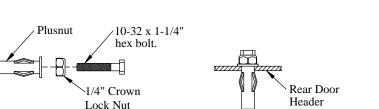


Figure 11: Plusnut Parts.

DPN: 095176

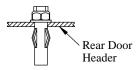


Figure 12: Assembled Plusnut. Page 2 of 7



Figure 13: Plusnut tightening.

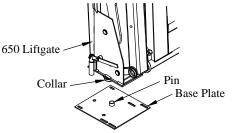


Figure 8: Base plate pin location.

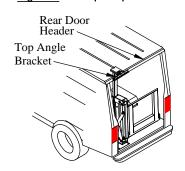


Figure 9: Liftgate in rear opening.

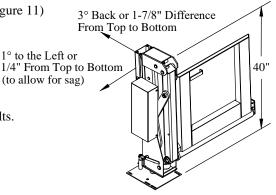


Figure 10: Liftgate properly tipped.



Figure 14: Fully upset Plusnut.

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Mounting the Liftgate in the Van (continued)

- 12. Push down on the swing release lever.
 - This will unlock the release pin allowing you to rotate the complete liftgate (Figure 15).
- **13.** Verify that the swing release pin will latch in both the stored and operational positions.
- **14.** Loosen the four (4) pump box bolts (Figure 16).

The bolts do not need to be removed.

- **15. Remove** the pump box cover (Figure 16).
- **16. Remove** the solid plastic shipping plug from the reservoir (Figure 16).
- **17. Install** the vent plug. Failure to change the plug will damage the reservoir.

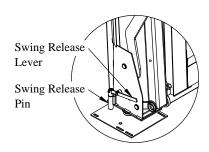


Figure 15: Swing release feature.

Note: The hydraulic system has been filled with the proper amount of oil, do not add any at this time.

Note: Pump and motor unit must remain vertical during operation, or it will be damaged.

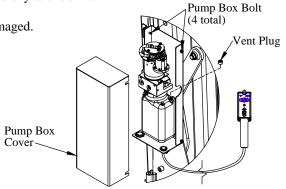


Figure 16: Pump and motor unit.

Routing the Power Cables

- 1. Remove the circuit breaker and copper end lugs from the maintenance manual bag.
- 2. Install the circuit breaker on the vehicle fender, firewall, or other location inside the engine compartment away from moving parts.

 Leave enough room for the power cables and circuit breaker cover to be installed and so that the circuit breaker can easily be reset.
- **3. Drill** a hole in the van floor to run the power cables through.

 Use a rubber grommet to protect the power cables from the sharp sheet metal edge of the drilled hole.
- **4. Route** the power cables along the frame to the battery following the *Tommy Gate Recommended Electrical Wiring Guidelines*. Leave enough extra power cable between the liftgate and the drilled hole for the liftgate to pivot into the stored position.
- **5. Pull** the excess cable beyond the battery.
- **6. Separate** the positive(+) and negative(-) leads.
- 7. Cut the positive(+) lead to the length required to reach the auxiliary (AUX) terminal of the circuit breaker.
- 8. Cut the remaining pos.(+) lead long enough to reach from the circuit breaker battery (BAT) terminal to the pos.(+) battery terminal.
- 9. Cut the negative(-) lead to the length required to reach the negative battery terminal.

IMPORTANT: The pump and motor unit for this lift can require significant electrical power at 12 volts D.C. Be sure that the negative(-) ground lead is connected to the negative(-) terminal of the vehicle battery.

- **10. Install** the copper lugs on all required ends.
- 11. Connect the circuit breaker and battery as outlined in the *Tommy Gate Recommended Electrical Wiring Guidelines* and wiring diagram (Figure 17).

Routing the Power Cables (continued)

- 12. Check for obstructions before using the self-drilling screws in the next step.
- 13. Install the plastic circuit breaker cover over the circuit breaker using the supplied #12 self-drilling screws (Figure 18).
- 14. Push the hidden "Power On" switch (Figure 17). The amber "Power On" LED will illuminate.
- 15. Push the hidden "Liftgate Activated" switch twice within one second. The red "Liftgate Activated" LED will illuminate.

Note: With both lights on, the liftgate can be raised or lowered. If not used for 90 seconds, the control will automatically shut off.

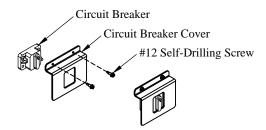


Figure 18: Circuit breaker cover.



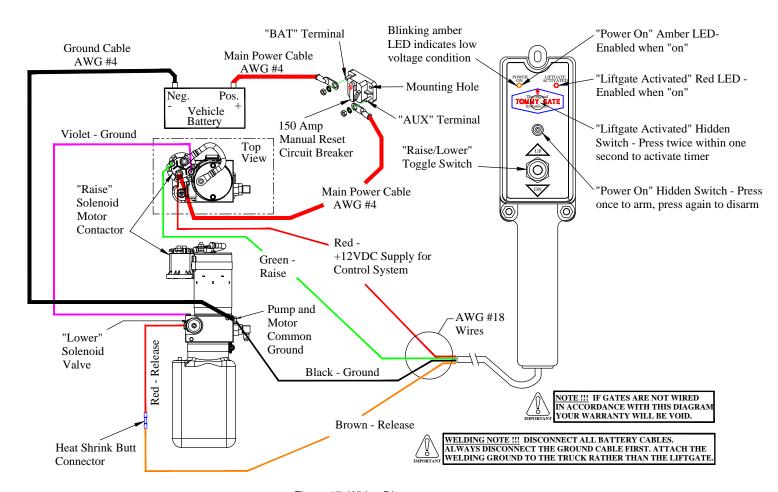
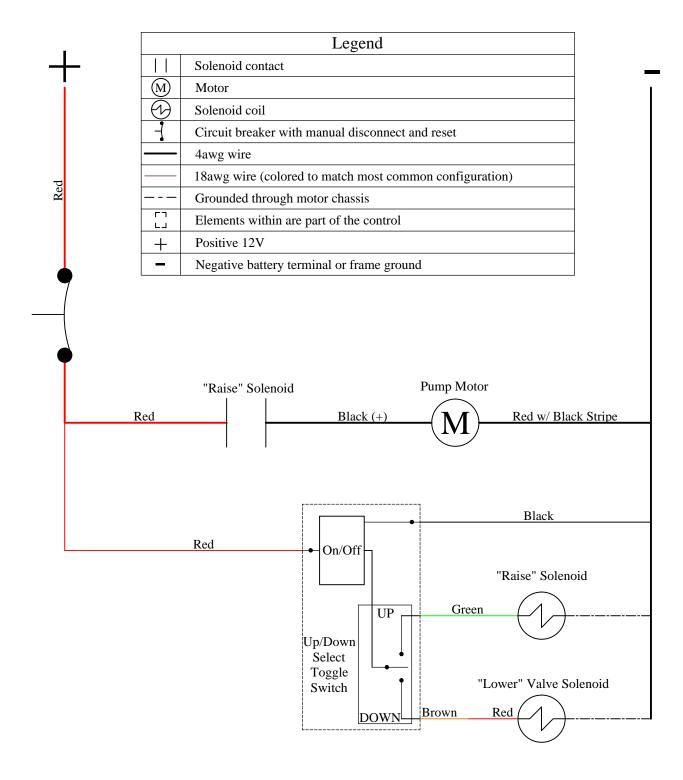


Figure 17: Wiring Diagram.





Installing the Flipper Kit

- 1. Verify proper liftgate operation.
- **2.** Loosen the jam nut (Figure 19).
- **3.** Completely tighten the adjustment bolt.
- **4. Lower** the gate until it contacts the ground.

 The taper edge of the platform may not contact the ground at this point.
- 5. Loosen the adjustment bolt until the taper edge of the platform contacts the ground.



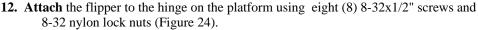
7. Remove the 3/8" x 1-1/4" bolt weldment that holds the self-closing arm to the platform (Figure 20).

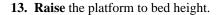
Adjustment Bolt

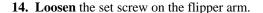
Jam Nut

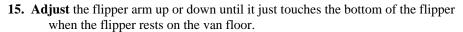


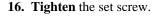
- **9. Install** the flipper arm over the self-closing tube (Figure 22).
- **10. Tighten** the 1/4" set screw on the flipper arm (Figure 22).
- **11. Reinstall** the self-closing rod and 3/8" x 1-1/4" bolt weldment (Figure 23).











17. Verify that the flipper has no obstructions and clears the bumper when raising and lowing the liftgate.

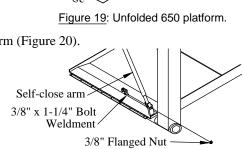


Figure 20: Self-close arm parts.

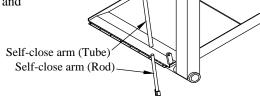


Figure 21: Self-close arm parts.

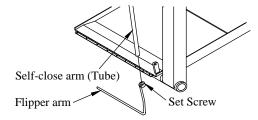


Figure 22: Flipper arm location.

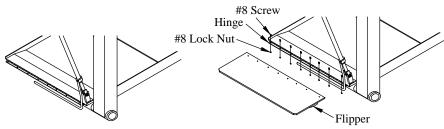


Figure 23: Flipper arm assembled.

Figure 24: Flipper hinge hardware.

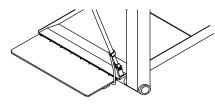


Figure 25: Flipper installed.

Finishing the Installation

- 1. Test the liftgate unloaded and at rated capacity for proper operation.
- **2. Demonstrate** the proper operation to the operator.
- 3. Provide the owner/operator's manual and "Do's and Do Not's" decal to the operator, or place them in the vehicle.



Tommy Gate Recommended Electrical Wiring Guidelines



WIRE ROUTING

- (1) When routing wires, avoid heat (above 200°F), abrasion, vibration, metal edges, screws, and trim fasteners. If such routings are not possible, protective devices must be used. If wires must cross a metal edge, the edge should be covered with a protective shield and the wiring fastened within 3 inches on each side of the edge.
- (2) Grommets must be used where wires pass through holes in sheet metal, castings, and / or frame rails. Do not bend wires in a radius smaller than 10 times the wire diameter.
- (3) Routing wires into areas exposed to wheel wash should be avoided. If this cannot be avoided protective shields are required to protect the wires from stones, ice, salt and water damage. Provide a drip loop to prevent moisture from being conducted into switches, relays, circuit breakers, and fuses.
- (4) Wires should be supported every 18 inches with plastic zip ties or rubber-lined clips.
- (5) Wires must be routed to clear moving parts by at least 3 inches unless positively fastened or protected by a conduit. If wiring must be routed between two members where relative motion can occur, the wiring should be secured to each member, with enough wire slack to allow flexing without damage to the wire.
- (6) Maintain at least a 6 inch clearance from exhaust system components. If this is not possible, high temperature insulation and heat shields are required. Existing OEM heat shields, insulation, and wire shielding must be maintained.
- (7) Do not route or attach electrical wires to fuel lines. Route electrical wires at least 1-1/2 inches away from the engine.

BATTERY, WIRE, TERMINALS, AND CONNECTORS

- (1) Wire attachments at the battery must be protected from tension loads so there is no undue strain on the battery terminals. Wires should be routed down rather than horizontally from the terminals with no sharp bends adjacent to the connections.
- (2) Battery power for your Tommy Gate should come directly from the battery through the supplied circuit breaker or fuse. The circuit breaker or fuse should be installed as close to the battery as possible.
- (3) Do not splice battery cables. If splicing is necessary, the most durable splice joint will be bare metal barrel crimped, flow-soldered and covered with adhesive lined heat shrink tubing. Strip the wire ends making sure that individual conductor strands are not damaged. Use only rosin core solder, proper crimping tools, and wire with a gauge at least equivalent to the circuit being lengthened. Do not use electrical tape.
- (4) Battery cable terminals will be bare metal barrel crimped or flow-soldered and covered with adhesive lined heat shrink tubing.
- (5) Use wire connectors with locking features such as positive locking, inertia locking, bolt together, and soft mold-over with locking external retainers.

GENERAL

- (1) All frame contact areas must be wire brushed to bare metal, free of paint, dirt, and grease. Frame connections must be made using hardened flat washers under the bolt head and lock nuts. Corrosion preventive grease or compound is to be applied to the terminal area of the frame connection.
- (2) Frame cross members are not recommended as part of the ground return.
- (3) All circuit breakers and fuses should be located in one easily serviceable location with a means provided for identification of circuit function and current rating. Do not put circuit breakers or fuses in the vehicle cab.
- (4) Before welding to the chassis disconnect the battery. Also disconnect the power train, engine, valve, and transmission control modules.
- (5) Do not alter vehicle ignition, starting, and / or charging systems. Do not reroute engine compartment wiring.
- (6) Full copper circuitry and standardized polarity grounds are recommended.
- (7) Never increase the rating of a factory installed fuse or circuit breaker.
- (8) Disconnect the battery negative (ground) wire prior to any vehicle modification.

Following the above guidelines will provide you with years of trouble free service. Failing to incorporate the above guidelines will result in a voided warranty. Non-compliance with the guidelines above may result in a failure of electrical components, shutdown of engines, loss of backup brake systems, and the possibility of fire.