650 Series Cargo Van Lift Mounting Instructions
Ram Promaster (High Roof)
2014-Present

Installing the Base Plate

5. **Position** the base plate in the van as described in notes A or B (Figure 3). The base plate should be parallel with the floor ribs, not the van doors.

Note A: The base plate can be located by measuring 15" from the rear inside left wall of the van and even with the plastic door guide on the right side of the base plate.

Note B: The base plate can be located by measuring 15" from the rear inside left wall of the van and 1-5/8" back from the closed door on the right side of the base plate.

6. **Position** the square washer plates under the base plate between the floor ribs, if needed. The area around the mounting holes must be properly supported by the metal floor.

7. **Check** for obstructions before drilling in the next step.

8. **Drill** holes through the floor for the base plate, using the base plate slots as a guide. Pay close attention to which slots in the base plate to use.

9. **Bolt** the base plate to the vehicle floor using the hardware provided (Figure 4).

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Table 1: Parts List.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>QTY</th>
<th>PART NO</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1098</td>
<td>650 Bolt Bag Kit</td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>13541</td>
<td>Top Angle Bracket (Promaster High Roof)</td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2424</td>
<td>Top Pivot Bracket (Ford)</td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1615</td>
<td>Top Mounting Bracket (Sprinter High Roof)</td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1464</td>
<td>Flipper</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1473</td>
<td>Flipper Arm (650-31)</td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1386</td>
<td>650 Base Plate</td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>12014</td>
<td>Circuit Breaker Bracket-Promaster</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1062</td>
<td>Maintenance Manual Kit</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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Figure 1: Part Identification.

Figure 2: Base plate location and obstructions.

Figure 3: Base plate location and obstructions.

Figure 4: Base plate hardware.
Installing the Top Mounting Brackets

1. **Install** the swing release latch assembly (Figure 5). This must be done before mounting the liftgate.

2. **Remove** any plastic trim which is in the way of the upper support parts.

3. **Support** the lift to keep it from falling in the next steps.

4. **Attach** the top mounting bracket with the 3/8” x 1” bolts and lock washers (Figure 6).

5. **Attach** the top pivot bracket to the top angle bracket with the supplied 3/8” x 3/4” bolts and lock washers (Figure 7). Apply blue LockTite™ Thread Locker or equal to the bolts before tightening.

Mounting the Liftgate in the Van

1. **Support** the liftgate securely to keep it from tipping while performing the next steps.

2. **Position** the liftgate collar onto the base plate pin (Figure 8).

3. **Position** the liftgate in the rear opening such that the top angle bracket comes in contact with the rear door header (Figure 9).

4. **Position** the liftgate so it is tipped 3 degrees back and 1 degree to the left (Figure 10).

5. **Tighten** all hardware.

6. **Hold** the top angle bracket against the rear door header.

7. **Locate** and **Drill** eight (8) 5/16” holes into the rear door header, using the top angle bracket as a guide. Choose eight (8) of the angle bracket holes without obstructions.

8. **Assemble** the Plusnut with the 1/4” crown lock nut and 10-32 x 1-1/4” hex bolt (Figure 11)

9. **Insert** the Plusnut into the 5/16” drilled hole (Figure 12).

10. **Tighten** the hex bolt while holding the 1/4” nut (Figure 13). Fully upset Plusnut provides mounting nut to attach the top angle bracket (Figure 14).

11. **Attach** the top angle bracket to the header using the supplied 10-32 x 3/4” hex bolts. Apply blue LockTite™ Thread Locker or equal to the bolts before tightening.
12. **Push** down on the swing release lever. This will unlock the release pin allowing you to rotate the complete liftgate.

13. **Verify** that the swing release pin will latch in both the stored and operational positions.

14. **Loosen** the four (4) pump box bolts (Figure 16). The bolts do not need to be removed.

15. **Remove** the pump box cover (Figure 16).

16. **Remove** the solid plastic shipping plug from the reservoir (Figure 16).

17. **Install** the vent plug. Failure to change the plug will damage the reservoir.

Note: The hydraulic system has been filled with the proper amount of oil, do not add any at this time.

Note: Pump and motor unit must remain vertical during operation, or it will be damaged.

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**Routing the Power Cables**

1. **Remove** the circuit breaker and copper end lugs from the maintenance manual bag.

2. **Install** the circuit breaker onto provided aluminum bracket with 1/4" screws and nuts.

3. **Position** the circuit breaker and bracket in the battery box, leaving enough room for the power cables to be installed and so that the circuit breaker can easily be reset.

4. **Check** for obstructions before drilling in the next steps.

5. **Drill** the provided #12 self-drilling screw through the bottom of the battery box, into the bracket.

6. **Drill** a hole in the van floor, near the liftgate, to run the power cables through. Use a rubber grommet to protect the power cables from the sharp sheet metal edge of the drilled hole.

7. **Drill** a hole in the bottom of the battery box, avoiding the battery, to run the power cables through.

8. **Route** the power cables along the frame to the battery following the *Tommy Gate Recommended Electrical Wiring Guidelines*. Leave enough extra power cable between the liftgate and the drilled hole for the liftgate to pivot into the stored position.

9. **Pull** the excess cable beyond the battery.

10. **Separate** the positive(+) and negative(-) leads.

11. **Cut** the positive(+) lead to the length required to reach the auxiliary (AUX) terminal of the circuit breaker.

12. **Cut** the remaining pos.(+) lead long enough to reach from the circuit breaker battery (BAT) terminal to the pos.(+) battery terminal.
Routing the Power Cables (continued)

13. Cut the negative(-) lead to the length required to reach the negative battery terminal.

**IMPORTANT:** The pump and motor unit for this lift can require up to 110 amps of electrical power at 12 volts D.C. Be sure that the negative(-) ground lead is connected to the negative(-) terminal of the vehicle battery.

14. Install the copper lugs on all required ends.

15. Connect the circuit breaker and battery as outlined in the *Tommy Gate Recommended Electrical Wiring Guidelines* and wiring diagram (Figure 17).

16. Push the hidden "Power On" switch (Figure 17). The amber "Power On" LED will illuminate.

17. Push the hidden "Liftgate Activated" switch twice within one second. The red "Liftgate Activated" LED will illuminate.

Note: With both lights on, the liftgate can be raised or lowered. If not used for 90 seconds, the control will automatically shut off.

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Figure 17: Wiring Diagram.
**Installing the Flipper Kit**

1. **Verify** proper liftgate operation.

2. **Loosen** the jam nut (Figure 18).

3. **Completely** tighten the adjustment bolt.

4. **Lower** the gate until it contacts the ground.
   
   The taper edge of the platform may not contact the ground at this point.

5. **Loosen** the adjustment bolt until the taper edge of the platform contacts the ground.

6. **Tighten** the jam nut

7. **Remove** the 3/8" x 1-1/4" bolt weldment that holds the self-closing arm to the platform (Figure 19).

8. **Remove** the rod from the tube (Figure 20).

9. **Install** the flipper arm over the self-closing tube (Figure 21).

10. **Tighten** the 1/4" set screw on the flipper arm (Figure 21).

11. **Reinstall** the self-closing rod and 3/8" x 1-1/4" bolt weldment (Figure 22).

12. **Attach** the flipper to the hinge on the platform using eight (8) 8-32x1/2" screws and 8-32 nylon lock nuts (Figure 23).

13. **Raise** the platform to bed height.

14. **Loosen** the set screw on the flipper arm.

15. **Adjust** the flipper arm up or down until it just touches the bottom of the flipper when the flipper rests on the van floor.

16. **Tighten** the set screw.

17. **Verify** that the flipper has no obstructions and clears the bumper when raising and lowering the liftgate.

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**Finishing the Installation**

1. **Test** the liftgate unloaded and at rated capacity for proper operation.

2. **Demonstrate** the proper operation to the operator.

3. **Provide** the owner/operator's manual and "Do's and Do Not's" decal to the operator, or place them in the vehicle.
WIRE ROUTING
(1) When routing wires, avoid heat (above 200°F), abrasion, vibration, metal edges, screws, and trim fasteners. If such routings are not possible, protective devices must be used. If wires must cross a metal edge, the edge should be covered with a protective shield and the wiring fastened within 3 inches on each side of the edge.
(2) Grommets must be used where wires pass through holes in sheet metal, castings, and / or frame rails. Do not bend wires in a radius smaller than 10 times the wire diameter.
(3) Routing wires into areas exposed to wheel wash should be avoided. If this cannot be avoided protective shields are required to protect the wires from stones, ice, salt and water damage. Provide a drip loop to prevent moisture from being conducted into switches, relays, circuit breakers, and fuses.
(4) Wires should be supported every 18 inches with plastic zip ties or rubber-lined clips.
(5) Wires must be routed to clear moving parts by at least 3 inches unless positively fastened or protected by a conduit. If wiring must be routed between two members where relative motion can occur, the wiring should be secured to each member, with enough wire slack to allow flexing without damage to the wire.
(6) Maintain at least a 6 inch clearance from exhaust system components. If this is not possible, high temperature insulation and heat shields are required. Existing OEM heat shields, insulation, and wire shielding must be maintained.
(7) Do not route or attach electrical wires to fuel lines. Route electrical wires at least 1-1/2 inches away from the engine.

BATTERY, WIRE, TERMINALS, AND CONNECTORS
(1) Wire attachments at the battery must be protected from tension loads so there is no undue strain on the battery terminals. Wires should be routed down rather than horizontally from the terminals with no sharp bends adjacent to the connections.
(2) Battery power for your Tommy Gate should come directly from the battery through the supplied circuit breaker or fuse. The circuit breaker or fuse should be installed as close to the battery as possible.
(3) Do not splice battery cables. If splicing is necessary, the most durable splice joint will be bare metal barrel crimped, flow-soldered and covered with adhesive lined heat shrink tubing. Strip the wire ends making sure that individual conductor strands are not damaged. Use only rosin core solder, proper crimping tools, and wire with a gauge at least equivalent to the circuit being lengthened. Do not use electrical tape.
(4) Battery cable terminals will be bare metal barrel crimped or flow-soldered and covered with adhesive lined heat shrink tubing.
(5) Use wire connectors with locking features such as positive locking, inertia locking, bolt together, and soft mold-over with locking external retainers.

GENERAL
(1) All frame contact areas must be wire brushed to bare metal, free of paint, dirt, and grease. Frame connections must be made using hardened flat washers under the bolt head and lock nuts. Corrosion preventive grease or compound is to be applied to the terminal area of the frame connection.
(2) Frame cross members are not recommended as part of the ground return.
(3) All circuit breakers and fuses should be located in one easily serviceable location with a means provided for identification of circuit function and current rating. Do not put circuit breakers or fuses in the vehicle cab.
(4) Before welding to the chassis disconnect the battery. Also disconnect the power train, engine, valve, and transmission control modules.
(5) Do not alter vehicle ignition, starting, and / or charging systems. Do not reroute engine compartment wiring.
(6) Full copper circuitry and standardized polarity grounds are recommended.
(7) Never increase the rating of a factory installed fuse or circuit breaker.
(8) Disconnect the battery negative (ground) wire prior to any vehicle modification.

Following the above guidelines will provide you with years of trouble free service. Failing to incorporate the above guidelines will result in a voided warranty. Non-compliance with the guidelines above may result in a failure of electrical components, shutdown of engines, loss of backup brake systems, and the possibility of fire.